

1991 AB2
Solution

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a) } A &= \int_0^1 1 + \sin(\pi x) - x^2 \, dx \\ &= \left(x - \frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\pi x) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right) \Big|_0^1 \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{1}{\pi}(-1) - \frac{1}{3} \right) - \left(0 - \frac{1}{\pi} - 0 \right) \\ &= \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(b) } V = \pi \int_0^1 (1 + \sin(\pi x))^2 - x^4 \, dx$$

or

$$2\pi \int_0^1 y^{3/2} \, dy + 2\pi \int_1^2 y \left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \arcsin(y-1) \right) dy$$

$$\text{(c) } V = 2\pi \int_0^1 x(1 + \sin(\pi x) - x^2) \, dx$$

or

$$\pi \int_0^1 y \, dy + \pi \int_1^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{\pi} \arcsin(y-1) \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{\pi} \arcsin(y-1) \right)^2 dy$$