

1990 AB3
Solution

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad A &= \int_0^1 e^x - (x-1)^2 dx \\ &= \int_0^1 e^x - x^2 + 2x - 1 dx \\ &= e^x \Big|_0^1 - \frac{1}{3}(x-1)^3 \Big|_0^1 \\ &= (e-1) - \frac{1}{3} = e - \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b)} \quad V &= \pi \int_0^1 e^{2x} - (x-1)^4 dx \\ &= \pi \left[\frac{e^{2x}}{2} \right]_0^1 - \pi \left[\frac{1}{5}(x-1)^5 \right]_0^1 \\ &= \pi \left[\left(\frac{e^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} \right] = \pi \left(\frac{e^2}{2} - \frac{7}{10} \right) \end{aligned}$$

or

$$\begin{aligned} V &= 2\pi \int_0^1 y \left[1 - (1 - \sqrt{y}) \right] dy + 2\pi \int_1^e y(1 - \ln y) dy \\ &= 2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{5} y^{5/2} \Big|_0^1 + 2\pi \left[\frac{1}{2} y^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2} y^2 \ln y - \frac{1}{4} y^2 \right) \right] \Big|_1^e \\ &= \frac{4}{5} \pi + 2\pi \left[\frac{1}{4} e^2 - \frac{3}{4} \right] = \pi \left(\frac{e^2}{2} - \frac{7}{10} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(c)} \quad V = 2\pi \int_0^1 x \left[e^x - (x-1)^2 \right] dx$$

or

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 1 - (1 - \sqrt{y})^2 dy + \pi \int_1^e 1 - (\ln y)^2 dy$$