

Water is pumped into an underground tank at a constant rate of 8 gallons per minute. Water leaks out of the tank at the rate of $\sqrt{t+1}$ gallons per minute, for $0 \leq t \leq 120$ minutes. At time $t = 0$, the tank contains 30 gallons of water.

- (a) How many gallons of water leak out of the tank from time $t = 0$ to $t = 3$ minutes?
- (b) How many gallons of water are in the tank at time $t = 3$ minutes?
- (c) Write an expression for $A(t)$, the total number of gallons of water in the tank at time t .
- (d) At what time t , for $0 \leq t \leq 120$, is the amount of water in the tank a maximum? Justify your answer.

(a) Method 1: $\int_0^3 \sqrt{t+1} dt = \frac{2}{3}(t+1)^{3/2} \Big|_0^3 = \frac{14}{3}$

– or –

Method 2: $L(t)$ = gallons leaked in first t minutes

$$\frac{dL}{dt} = \sqrt{t+1}; \quad L(t) = \frac{2}{3}(t+1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$L(0) = 0; \quad C = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$L(t) = \frac{2}{3}(t+1)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{3}; \quad L(3) = \frac{14}{3}$$

(b) $30 + 8 \cdot 3 - \frac{14}{3} = \frac{148}{3}$

(c) Method 1:

$$\begin{aligned} A(t) &= 30 + \int_0^t (8 - \sqrt{x+1}) dx \\ &= 30 + 8t - \int_0^t \sqrt{x+1} dx \end{aligned}$$

– or –

Method 2:

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 8 - \sqrt{t+1}$$

$$A(t) = 8t - \frac{2}{3}(t+1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$30 = 8(0) - \frac{2}{3}(0+1)^{3/2} + C; \quad C = \frac{92}{3}$$

$$A(t) = 8t - \frac{2}{3}(t+1)^{3/2} + \frac{92}{3}$$

- (d) $A'(t) = 8 - \sqrt{t+1} = 0$ when $t = 63$
 $A'(t)$ is positive for $0 < t < 63$ and negative for $63 < t < 120$. Therefore there is a maximum at $t = 63$.

Method 1:

$$3 \begin{cases} 2 : \text{definite integral} \\ 1 : \text{limits} \\ 1 : \text{integrand} \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$$

– or –

Method 2:

$$3 \begin{cases} 1 : \text{antiderivative with } C \\ 1 : \text{solves for } C \text{ using } L(0) = 0 \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$$

1 : answer

Method 1:

$$2 \begin{cases} 1 : 30 + 8t \\ 1 : -\int_0^t \sqrt{x+1} dx \end{cases}$$

– or –

Method 2:

$$2 \begin{cases} 1 : \text{antiderivative with } C \\ 1 : \text{answer} \end{cases}$$

$$3 \begin{cases} 1 : \text{sets } A'(t) = 0 \\ 1 : \text{solves for } t \\ 1 : \text{justification} \end{cases}$$